WHAT IS PUBLIC CHARGE?
“Public charge” or the “public charge test” is used by immigration officials to decide whether a person can enter the U.S. or get a green card (lawful permanent resident or “LPR” status). In this test, officials look at all of a person’s circumstances, including income, employment, health, education or skills, family situation and whether a sponsor signed a contract ("affidavit of support") promising to support the person. Officials can also look at whether a person has used certain benefit programs (in the past, only cash assistance and long-term care were counted).

CHANGES TO PUBLIC CHARGE
The government is changing how it makes public charge decisions. Immigration officials will look more closely at factors like health, age, income, skills (including English language skills), and use of more public programs, including:
- CalFresh (SNAP, “EBT” or “Food Stamps”)
- Federal Public Housing and Section 8 assistance (Voucher and Project-Based aid)
- Medi-Cal (except for emergency services, children under 21 years, pregnant women, new mothers 60 days post partum, state funded Medi-Cal expansion for DACA, and undocumented children and young adults)
- Cash assistance programs (like SSI, TANF- CalWORKs, General Assistance)

***Services that are not listed above will not be counted in the new public charge test. This includes WIC, CHIP, school lunches, food banks, shelters, and many more - these programs are safe to get if you are eligible.

MAKING THE RIGHT CHOICE FOR YOUR FAMILY
Every family is different, and the programs that help your family might not even be part of the new changes. We know that you are worried given our current political climate -- but the more we know about our rights, the harder it is for Trump to intimidate us. There are lots of people and organizations that can help you. An immigration attorney familiar with this issue can give you advice based on your specific situation. Local non-profits may also be able to provide help and legal advice. For free or low cost options visit: bit.ly/immigrationhelp.

To see if Public Charge affects you, please visit: https://www.thelibreproject.org/public-charge.html

CHANGES ARE NOT IN EFFECT YET
The new changes have been blocked by a nationwide preliminary injunction, this means the rule is not in effect. Families should remain in the public benefit programs they are currently using. The rule will also not count any programs (other than cash or long-term care) used before the rule goes into effect.

- You still have time to make a decision about whether or not to stay enrolled in critical public programs.
- Programs used by your U.S. citizen children will not be used against you.

AUGUST 14, 2019
Final rule published in the Federal Register

AUGUST 14, 2019 – October 15, 2019 (60 DAY PERIOD)
Legal challenges were put forward to stop the rule.
You also have time to speak to an expert about your situation.
Fight fear with facts – KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!

OCTOBER 11, 2019
The new changes have been blocked. The rule will NOT go into effect and is currently on hold.

FOR MORE RESOURCES GO TO http://www.protectingimmigrantfamilies.org/
Do you and your family members already have green cards?

Public charge and any changes under this rule **WILL NOT impact you.** However, if you plan to leave the country for more than 6 months, it is a good idea to talk with an immigration attorney.

Are you applying for or have one of the following statuses?

- U.S. Citizenship
- Green card renewal
- DACA renewal
- TPS
- U or T Visa
- Asylum
- Refugee status
- Special Immigrant Juvenile Status

The public charge test does **NOT apply to some immigrants**, including the categories listed here. If you already have or are in the process of applying for one of these immigration statuses, you can continue to use any government programs that you qualify for. Benefits received while you are in this status will not be counted against you in the future, even if you apply for a green card on another basis.

Does your family plan to apply for a green card or visa from **inside** the United States?

If you aren’t sure whether or not this policy applies to you, we recommend that you seek advice from an attorney who understands the new changes. If you are not subject to the public charge inadmissibility test, we recommend that you continue to get the assistance that you and your family need.

Does your family plan to apply for a green card or visa from **outside** the United States?

U.S. consular offices abroad use different rules in making this decision. You should talk with an expert for advice on your case before making any decisions. For free or low-cost options near you please visit: bit.ly/immigrationhelp

FOR MORE RESOURCES GO TO http://www.protectingimmigrantfamilies.org/